Social Studies: Italian Renaissance and Da Vinci's Role

Lesson Plan: The Italian Renaissance and Leonardo da Vinci's

Contributions

Subject: Social Studies Grade Level: 3-5 Duration: 2 days (one hour each day) Standards: **SS.3.A.1.1, SS.4.A.9.1, SS.5.A.1.1**

Objectives

- Students will learn about the Italian Renaissance and understand the historical context.
- They will be introduced to Leonardo da Vinci's life and his contributions as an artist and inventor.

Social Studies:

- **SS.3.A.1.1:** Analyze primary and secondary sources.
- **SS.4.A.9.1:** Utilize timelines to sequence key events in Florida history.
- **SS.5.A.1.1:** Use primary and secondary sources to understand history.

Materials

- World map highlighting Italy
- Timeline of the Renaissance
- Images of Renaissance art and key figures
- Primary and secondary sources about da Vinci
- Interactive whiteboard or projector
- Images of Leonardo da Vinci's artwork and inventions
- Protractors and rulers
- Paper and pencils
- Art supplies (colored pencils, markers)

Day 1: Introduction to the Renaissance and Leonardo da Vinci

Introduction to the Italian Renaissance (15 minutes):

- Begin with a discussion on the Renaissance period, highlighting its significance and timeframe.
- Show a map of Europe and point out Italy, explaining the cultural and historical reasons why the Renaissance began there.
- Introduce key features of the Renaissance: revival of learning, art, and culture.

Renaissance Culture and Innovations (15 minutes):

- Discuss the changes in art, science, and thought that characterized the Renaissance.
- Show images of key figures and works from the Renaissance, such as Michelangelo, Raphael, and the printing press.
- Explain how these innovations reflected the Renaissance ideals of humanism and exploration.

Introduction to Leonardo da Vinci (15 minutes):

- Provide a brief biography of Leonardo da Vinci, emphasizing his multifaceted role as an artist, inventor, and scientist.
- Show images of some of his most famous works, such as the Mona Lisa, The Last Supper, and Vitruvian Man.
- Discuss how his curiosity and innovative spirit exemplified Renaissance ideals.

Primary and Secondary Source Analysis (15 minutes):

- Introduce students to the concepts of primary and secondary sources.
- Provide examples of primary sources (da Vinci's notebooks) and secondary sources (biographies and articles about him).
- Conduct a group activity where students analyze excerpts from these sources, focusing on what they reveal about da Vinci's methods and ideas.

Assessment:

- Observe students' participation in discussions.
- Review their contributions to the source analysis activity.

Homework:

Ask students to research one interesting fact about the Renaissance or Leonardo da Vinci and be prepared to share it the next day

Day 2: Exploring Da Vinci's Artwork and Inventions

Recap and Share Homework (10 minutes):

- Begin with a recap of the previous day's lesson.
- Have students share the interesting facts they researched about the Renaissance or Leonardo da Vinci.

Exploring Da Vinci's Inventions and Artwork (20 minutes):

- Show images and provide descriptions of da Vinci's inventions and artworks.
- Divide students into small groups and assign each group an image or invention to analyze.
- Ask each group to identify and classify the angles they see in their assigned piece, using rulers and protractors for measurement.
- Have groups present their findings to the class.

Hands-On Activity: Creating Renaissance-Inspired Art (20 minutes):

- Provide students with art supplies and ask them to create their own piece of art or invention inspired by Leonardo da Vinci.
- Encourage them to include and label different types of angles in their drawings.
- Allow students to share their artwork with the class and explain their creative process.

Timeline and Mapping Activity (10 minutes):

- Provide students with a timeline of the Renaissance and ask them to place key events, including da Vinci's birth and significant works, on the timeline.
- Use a world map to identify locations relevant to da Vinci's life and work, such as Florence and Milan.
- Discuss the impact of geography on the spread of Renaissance ideas.

Assessment

- Observe students' participation in group activities and discussions.
- Review their presentations and artwork for creativity and understanding of Renaissance principles.

Extension Activity

- Have students research another Renaissance figure and create a presentation about their contributions.
- Organize a Renaissance fair where students showcase their artwork and inventions, dressed in period costumes.